



The view from the crest of the Sierra to the east, is inexpressibly, comprehensive, grand and picturesque.

Edwin Bryant
What I Saw in California, 1848

The “view” in Edwin Bryant’s quote above was from the top of Donner Pass after “leaping our animals from crag to crag, and climbing in places nearly perpendicular precipices of smooth granite rocks.”

Standing at the top today, the view is still “inexpressibly ... grand and picturesque” and we can see the crags and perpendicular precipices that caused one of Edwin Bryant’s mules to somersault backwards down the route they had taken. (The mule was not hurt.)

Edwin Bryant, standing atop Donner Pass, was looking down the Summit Canyon onto what is today the most historically important square mile in California. Nowhere in California is there such richness in history.

Standing on Donner Pass you are surrounded by history and the presence of the people who crossed the pass to make California what it is today.

Native Americans

For thousands of years Native Americans used the pass to cross Donner Summit in summers to hunt and trade. Their petroglyphs are incised in many places into the granite of the pass and the Summit.

No one knows what the mysterious markings mean.

Using almost the same route the first California-bound wagon trains, the first transcontinental railroad,



the first transcontinental highway, the first transcontinental air route, and the first transcontinental telephone all came up Summit Canyon, through Donner Pass, and over Donner Summit.

Once the railroad was completed the first transcontinental telegraph moved to Donner Summit as well.

First Wagon Trains, 1844-46

The Stephens-Murphy-Townsend Party was the first wagon train to reach California, doing so in 1844. They approached the Sierra after a grueling journey across the Nevada desert and along the Truckee River.



As they climbed the Pass it was snowing as they came to a rock wall. There appeared to be no way to pass save a small cleft that an ox could just go through. The party disassembled some of their wagons and hoisted the pieces up. The rest of the wagons were left

at Donner Lake, along with a teenage Moses Schallenberger, who would stay the winter. It is for him that Schallenberger Ridge on the south side of Donner Lake is named.

At the Stephens’ Party camp at Big Bend, on the Yuba River, just a few miles past the summit, the first white baby was born in California, Elizabeth Yuba Murphy.

First Transcontinental Railroad, 1869

Fighting avalanches, accident, fire, and blizzards the mostly Chinese workers of the Central Pacific built a railroad shoveling, digging, blasting, carting, and cutting. They filled ravines, excavated and laid track. Then they built forty miles of snowsheds to protect the track from the average 34 foot snowfalls. Ironically the snowsheds blocked passengers from seeing Edwin Bryant’s view. The picturesque sights were replaced with smoke-filled snowsheds.

The Chinese workers’ crowning achievement was



blasting fifteen tunnels through the solid Sierra granite. Some of the tunnels, including the longest which took two years to bore, along with snowsheds, sit overlooking Summit Canyon.

With the coming of the railroad it suddenly it took only days to get to California, averaging an incredible



22 miles per hour, instead of months. Letters brought news that was still “news.”

The railroad opened California and united the nation. It brought settlers, business, and ideas and in exchange it

took the products of California to the rest of the nation. The first transcontinental railroad went right through Donner Pass.

First Transcontinental Highway, 1913

In 1913 the Lincoln Highway was inaugurated and it included a stretch through Summit Canyon. It put together stretches of road all across the country to form America’s first transcontinental highway and became the first national memorial to Abraham Lincoln. With the new highway, independent travelers could more easily explore the Sierra and travel the country.

Until the overpass (pictured here) was built, autos approached the snowsheds, opened the door, listened for approaching trains, and then hurried across

